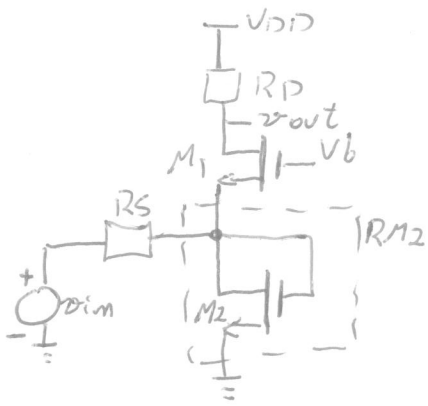
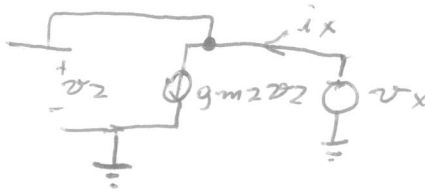


* Exemplo 7.13



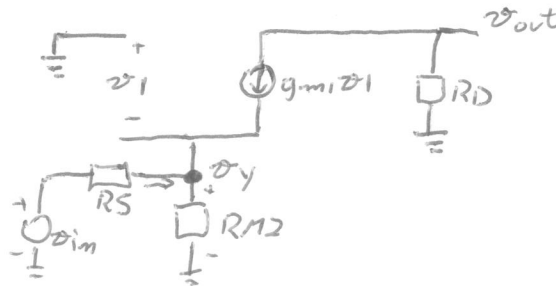
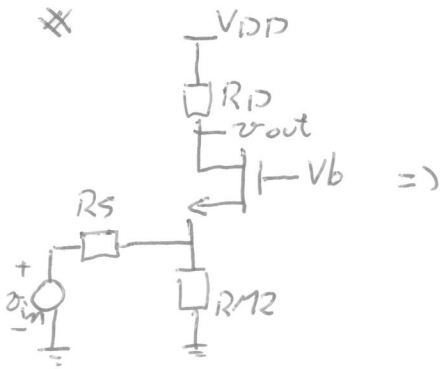
* $R_{M2} (\lambda=0)$



$$v_x = v_2$$

$$i_x = g_{m2} v_2$$

$$R_{M2} = \frac{v_x}{i_x} = \frac{1}{g_{m2}}$$



- $v_{out} = -g_{m1} v_1 R_D$
- $v_1 = -v_y$
- $\frac{v_{out}}{v_y} = g_{m1} R_D$

$$v_{in} = v_{RS} + v_y = R_S \left(\frac{v_y}{R_{M2}} - g_{m1} v_1 \right) + v_y$$

$$v_{in} = R_S \left(\frac{v_y}{R_{M2}} + g_{m1} v_y \right) + v_y \Rightarrow v_{in} = R_S v_y \left(\frac{1}{R_{M2}} + g_{m1} \right) + v_y$$

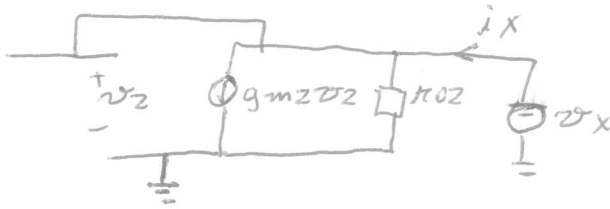
$$v_{in} = v_y \cdot \left[R_S \cdot (g_{m2} + g_{m1}) + 1 \right]$$

$$\frac{v_y}{v_{in}} = \frac{1}{R_S \cdot (g_{m2} + g_{m1}) + 1}$$

$$\therefore A_v = \frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} \cdot \frac{v_y}{v_{in}} = \frac{g_{m1} R_D}{R_S (g_{m2} + g_{m1}) + 1}$$

* Rout

• R_{M2}

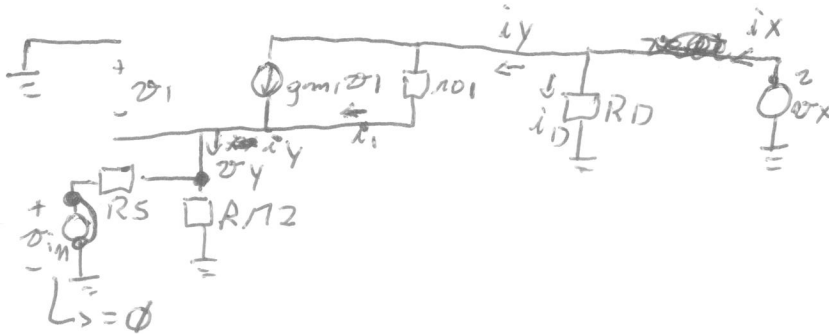


$$v_x = v_2$$

$$i_x = g_{m2}v_2 + \frac{v_x}{r_{o2}}$$

$$i_x = v_2 \left(g_{m2} + \frac{1}{r_{o2}} \right)$$

$$R_{M2} = \frac{1}{g_{m2} + \frac{1}{r_{o2}}} \Rightarrow R_{M2} = \frac{1}{g_{m2}} \parallel r_{o2}$$



$$v_y = -v_1$$

$$i_y = \frac{v_y}{R_{M2} \parallel R_S} = \frac{-v_1}{R_{M2} \parallel R_S}$$

$$v_x = v_y + v_{r_{o1}} = v_y + r_{o1}i_i = v_y + (i_y - g_{m1}v_1)r_{o1}$$

$$v_x = \frac{-v_1}{R_{M2} \parallel R_S} + \left(\frac{-v_1}{R_{M2} \parallel R_S} - g_{m1}v_1 \right) r_{o1}$$

$$v_x = -v_1 \cdot \left[1 + r_{o1} \left(\frac{1}{R_{M2} \parallel R_S} + g_{m1} \right) \right]$$

$$i_x = i_y + i_D = \frac{-v_1}{R_{M2} \parallel R_S} + \frac{v_x}{R_D} = -v_1 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{R_{M2} \parallel R_S} + \frac{1}{R_D} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow i_x = -v_1 \cdot (R_{M2} \parallel R_D)^{-1}$$

\rightarrow Rout

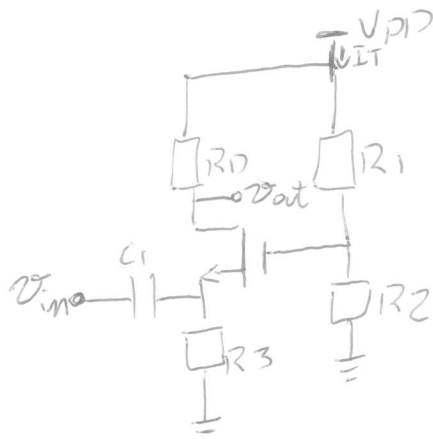
$$\frac{v_x}{i_x} = \frac{1 + r_{o1} \left(\frac{1}{R_{M2} \parallel R_S} + g_{m1} \right)}{\left(R_{M2} \parallel R_D \right)^{-1}} = \left[1 + r_{o1} \left(\frac{1}{R_{M2} \parallel R_S} + g_{m1} \right) \right] \cdot (R_{M2} \parallel R_D)$$

$$R_{out} = \left[1 + r_{o1} \left(\frac{1}{\frac{1}{g_{m2}} \parallel r_{o2} \parallel R_S} + g_{m1} \right) \right] \cdot \left(\frac{1}{g_{m2}} \parallel r_{o2} \parallel R_D \right)$$

$$R_{out} \approx \frac{1}{g_{m2}} \parallel r_{o2} \parallel R_D$$

* Exemplo 7.14 modificado

Usando o modelo



- $V_{DD} = 1,8V$
- $P = 2mW$
- $A_v = 5$
- $R_3 = 500\Omega$
- $g_m = \frac{500\mu S}{136,4}$
- $\mu_{n,ox} = 100\mu A/V^2$
- $V_{TH} = 0,5V$
- $\lambda = 0$
- $\frac{W}{L} = 244 *$

Projete.

- $I_T = \frac{P}{V_{DD}} \Rightarrow I_T = 1,111mA$
- Como $I_D \gg I_{R1}$
Escolho $I_D = 1,1mA$
 $I_{R1} = 0,011mA$

$$I_D = \frac{1}{2} \mu_n C_{ox} \frac{W}{L} (V_{GS} - V_{TH})^2 \Rightarrow (V_{GS} - 0,5)^2 = 0,0902 \Rightarrow V_{GS} = 0,8003V$$

$L \gg V_{TH} \Rightarrow OK$

$$R_{D?} \Rightarrow A_v = 5 = \frac{R_3 || 4g_m}{R_3 || 4g_m + 0} \cdot g_m R_D \Rightarrow g_m R_D = 5 \Rightarrow \frac{L}{R_D} = 5 \Rightarrow R_D = 682\Omega$$

$$V_{GS} = V_{R3} = R_3 I_D \Rightarrow V_{GS} = 0,55V$$

$$V_{D?} \Rightarrow V_{D?} = V_{DD} - R_D I_D \Rightarrow V_{D?} = 1,0498V$$

$$V_{DS} = V_{D?} - V_{GS} \Rightarrow V_{DS} = 0,4998V$$

$$V_{DS} \geq V_{GS} - V_{TH} \Rightarrow 0,4998 \geq 0,8003 - 0,5 \Rightarrow 0,4998 \geq 0,3003$$

$L \gg OK \Rightarrow \text{Saturação}$

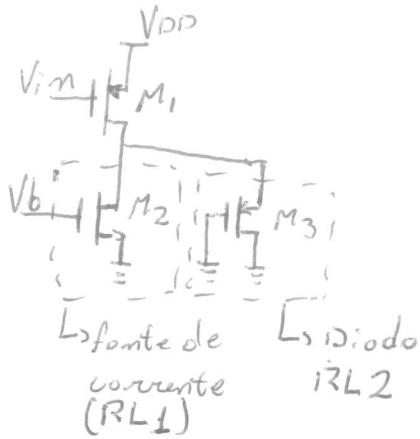
$$I_R = \frac{V_{DD}}{R_1 + R_2} \Rightarrow 0,011 \cdot 10^{-3} = \frac{1,8}{R_1 + R_2} \Rightarrow R_1 + R_2 = 1,62 \cdot 10^5 \Omega$$

~~$$V_{GS} = V_{R2} \Rightarrow V_{GS} = R_2 I_R \Rightarrow R_2 = \frac{0,8003}{0,011 \cdot 10^{-3}} \Rightarrow R_2 = 72025,10^4 \Omega$$~~

~~$$R_1 = 1,62 \cdot 10^5 - R_2 \Rightarrow R_1 = 8,9975 \cdot 10^4 \Omega$$~~

$V_G = V_{R2} = R_2 \cdot I_R \Rightarrow R_2 = V_G / I_R = (V_{GS} - V_S) / I_R = (0,8003 - 0,55) / 0,011mA \Rightarrow R_2 = 22,527Kohm$
 $R_1 = 1,62 \cdot 10^5 - R_2 \Rightarrow R_1 = 139,47kohm$

* Exemplo 7.19

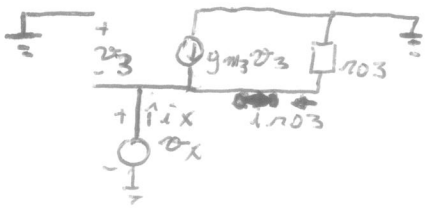


• R_{L1}



$$\Rightarrow R_{L1} = \frac{v_x}{i_x} \Rightarrow R_{L1} = r_{o2}$$

• R_{L2}



$$v_x = -v_3$$

$$i_x + g_{m3}v_3 + \frac{v_x}{r_{o3}} = 0$$

$$i_x + g_{m3}v_3 + \frac{-v_x}{r_{o3}} = 0$$

$$i_x = -g_{m3}v_3 + \frac{v_x}{r_{o3}}$$

$$i_x = -g_{m3}(-v_x) + \frac{v_x}{r_{o3}}$$

$$i_x = g_{m3}v_x + \frac{v_x}{r_{o3}}$$

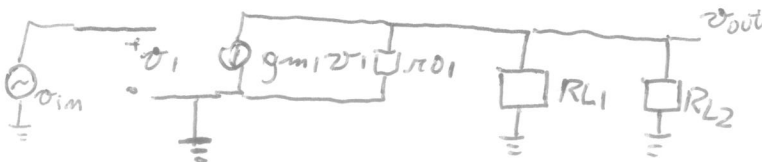
$$i_x = v_x \left(g_{m3} + \frac{1}{r_{o3}} \right) \Rightarrow i_x = v_x \left(r_{o3} \parallel \frac{1}{g_{m3}} \right)^{-1}$$

$$R_{L2} = \frac{v_x}{i_x} = r_{o3} \parallel \frac{1}{g_{m3}}$$

* Modelo de pequenos sinais

$$v_{out} = -g_{m1} v_1 (r_{o1} \parallel R_{L1} \parallel R_{L2})$$

$v_1 = v_{in}$

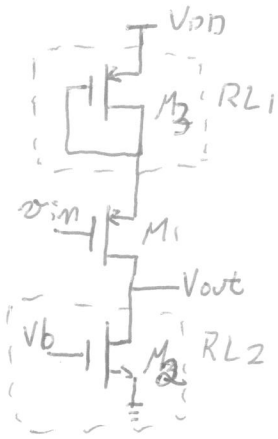


$$\frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = A_v = -g_{m1} (r_{o1} \parallel r_{o2} \parallel r_{o3} \parallel \frac{1}{g_{m3}})$$

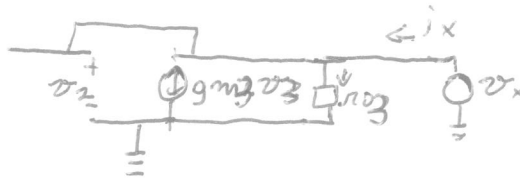
• R_{out}

$$v_{in} = 0 \Rightarrow v_1 = 0 \Rightarrow R_{out} = r_{o1} \parallel R_{L1} \parallel R_{L2} = r_{o1} \parallel r_{o2} \parallel r_{o3} \parallel \frac{1}{g_{m3}} \quad R_{out}$$

* Exemplo 7.20



• RL1



$$v_3 = v_x$$

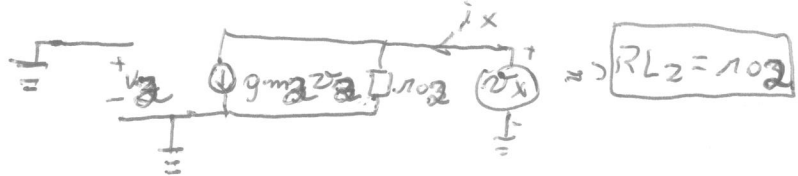
$$i_x = g_{m3}v_3 + i_{rO3}$$

$$= g_{m3}v_x + \frac{v_x}{r_{O3}}$$

$$i_x = v_x(g_{m3} + \frac{1}{r_{O3}})$$

$$R_{L1} = \frac{v_x}{i_x} = r_{O3} \parallel \frac{1}{g_{m3}}$$

• RL2



$$\Rightarrow R_{L2} = r_{O2}$$

• Modelo de pequenos sinais



$$v_{out} = -g_{m1}v_1 \cdot R_{L2}$$

$$v_{in} = v_1 + v_{RL1}$$

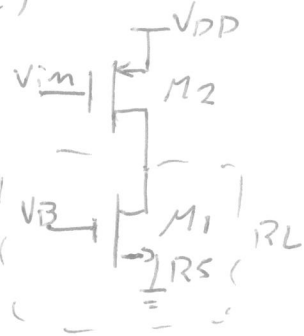
$$v_{in} = v_1 + R_{L1} \cdot g_{m1}v_1$$

$$v_{in} = v_1 \cdot (R_{L1}g_{m1} + 1)$$

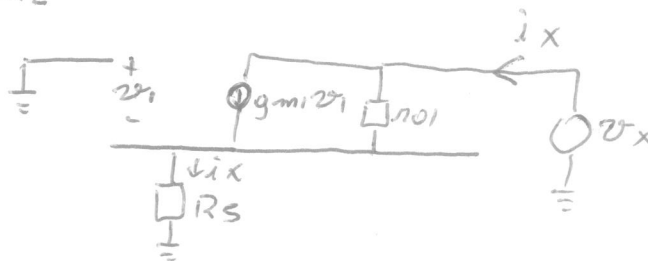
$$A_V = \frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = \frac{-g_{m1}R_{L2}}{R_{L1}g_{m1} + 1} = \frac{-g_{m1} \cdot r_{O2}}{\left(\frac{r_{O3} \parallel 1}{g_{m3}}\right)g_{m1} + 1} \div g_{m1} \Rightarrow A_V = \frac{-r_{O2}}{\frac{1}{g_{m1}} + \frac{r_{O3} \parallel 1}{g_{m3}}}$$

* Exemplo 7.21

a)



o RL



• $v_{RS} = -v_1$

• $i_x = \frac{v_{RS}}{R_S} = -\frac{v_1}{R_S}$

$v_x = v_{r01} + v_{RS}$

$v_x = r_{01} \cdot (i_x - g_{m1} v_1) + v_1$

$v_x = r_{01} i_x - r_{01} g_{m1} v_1 - v_1$

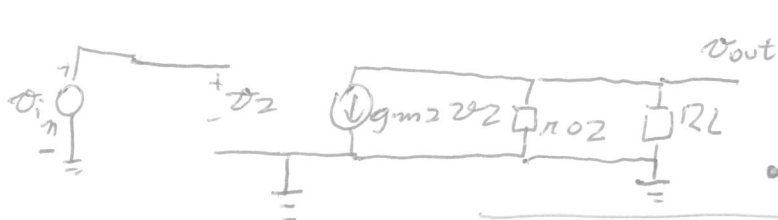
$v_x = -r_{01} \frac{v_1}{R_S} - r_{01} g_{m1} v_1 - v_1$

$v_x = -v_1 \left(\frac{r_{01}}{R_S} + g_{m1} r_{01} + 1 \right)$

~~$v_x = -v_1 \left[r_{01} (1 + g_{m1} r_{01}) + 1 \right] \Rightarrow \frac{v_x}{i_x} = R_L \left[r_{01} (1 + g_{m1} r_{01}) + 1 \right]$~~

$R_L = \frac{v_x}{i_x} = \frac{r_{01} + g_{m1} r_{01} + 1}{\frac{1}{R_S}} \Rightarrow \boxed{R_L = r_{01} + (g_{m1} r_{01} + 1) \cdot R_S}$

o Modelo de pequenos sinais equivalente



• $v_{out} = -g_{m2} v_2 \cdot r_{02} \parallel R_L$

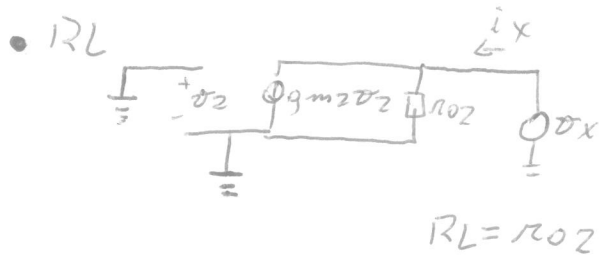
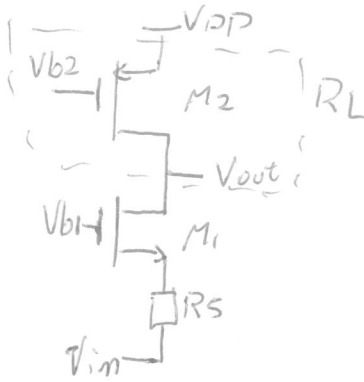
• $v_{in} = v_2$

• ~~$A_v = \frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = -g_{m2} \cdot r_{02} \parallel [r_{01} + (g_{m1} r_{01} + 1) \cdot R_S]$~~

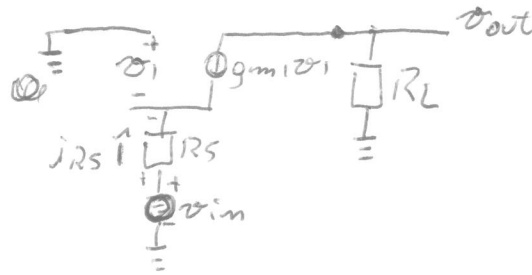
$A_v = \frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = -g_{m2} \cdot r_{02} \parallel R_L = \boxed{-g_{m2} \left\{ r_{02} \parallel [r_{01} + (g_{m1} r_{01} + 1) \cdot R_S] \right\}}$

* Exemplo 7.21 b

$r_{o1} = \infty$



• Modelo equivalente de pequenos sinais



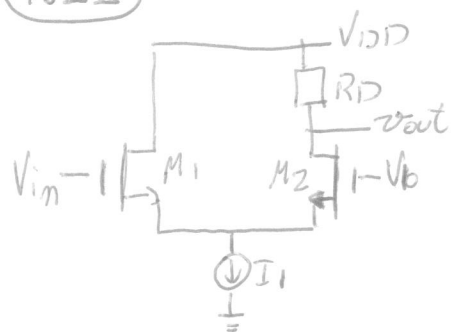
• $v_{out} = -g_{m1} v_1 \cdot R_L$

• $v_{in} = v_{RS} + v_1 = 0 \Rightarrow v_{in} = v_{RS} - v_1 \Rightarrow v_{in} = i_{RS} \cdot R_S - v_1 \Rightarrow i_{RS} = -g_{m1} v_1$

$v_{in} = -g_{m1} v_1 R_S - v_1 \Rightarrow v_{in} = -v_1 (g_{m1} R_S + 1)$

• $A_v = \frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = \frac{g_{m1} R_L}{g_{m1} R_S + 1} \div g_{m1} \Rightarrow A_v = \frac{R_L}{R_S + \frac{1}{g_{m1}}} \Rightarrow A_v = \frac{r_{o2}}{R_S + \frac{1}{g_{m1}}}$

7.22



• $v_{in} = v_1 + v_2 = 0$

$v_{in} = -v_2 + v_1$ (1)

• $v_{out} = -g_{m2} v_2 R_D$ (2)

• $g_{m1} v_1 = -g_{m2} v_2$ (3)

$v_2 = -\frac{g_{m1} v_1}{g_{m2}}$

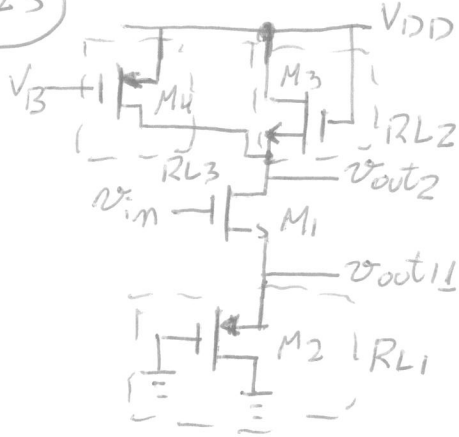
(3) → (1) $v_{in} = +\frac{g_{m1} v_1}{g_{m2}} + v_1 = \frac{g_{m1} v_1}{g_{m2}} (1 + \frac{g_{m2}}{g_{m1}})$

(3) → (2) $v_{out} = -g_{m2} \left(-\frac{g_{m1} v_1}{g_{m2}}\right) R_D = g_{m1} v_1 R_D$

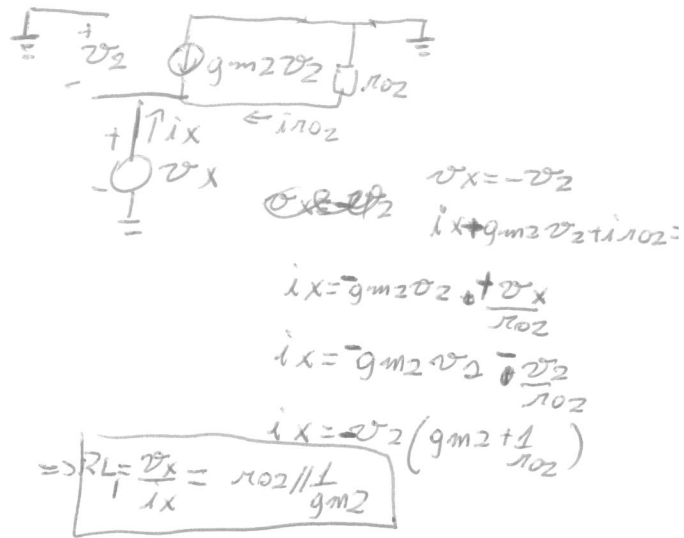
$A_v = \frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = \frac{g_{m1} R_D}{\frac{g_{m1}}{g_{m2}} + 1} \div g_{m1} = \frac{R_D}{\frac{1}{g_{m2}} + \frac{1}{g_{m1}}}$

7.23

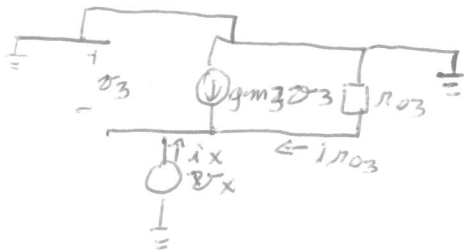
$\lambda = 0$



o R_{L2}



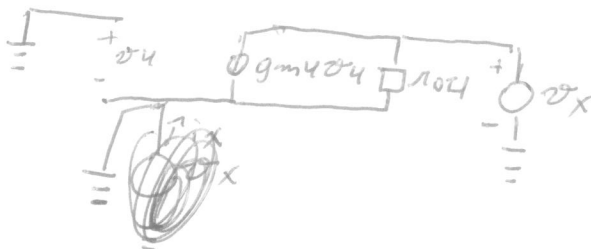
o R_{L2}



o Mes mocho anterior

$R_{L3} = r_{o3} \parallel \frac{1}{g_{m3}}$

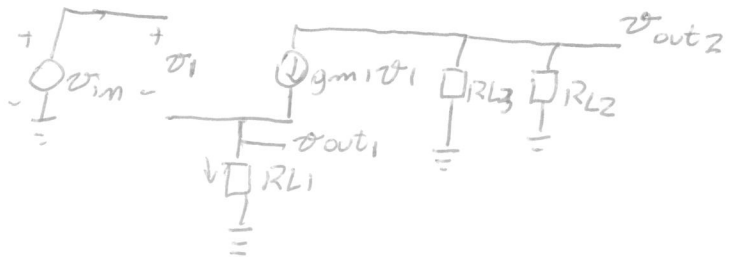
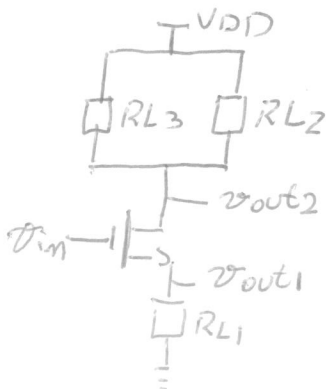
o R_{L3}



$v_4 = 0$
 $g_{m4}v_4 = 0$
 $\Rightarrow R_{L4} = r_{o4}$

o Circuito equivalente

$\lambda = 0$



$v_{in} = v_1 + v_{RL1} \Rightarrow v_{in} = v_1 + g_{m1}v_1 R_{L1} \Rightarrow v_{in} = v_1(1 + g_{m1}R_{L1})$

$v_{out2} = -g_{m1}v_1 \cdot (R_{L1} \parallel R_{L3})$

$A_{v2} = \frac{v_{out2}}{v_{in}} = \frac{-g_{m1}v_1 \cdot (R_{L1} \parallel R_{L3})}{v_1(1 + g_{m1}R_{L1})} = \frac{-g_{m1} \cdot (R_{L1} \parallel R_{L3})}{1 + g_{m1}R_{L1}}$

$$A_{v2} = \frac{v_{out2}}{v_{in}} = \frac{-g_{m1} v_i \cdot (R_{L2} \parallel R_{L3})}{v_i (1 + g_{m1} R_L)} \stackrel{\approx}{=} g_{m1} \frac{R_{L2} \parallel R_{L3}}{1 + R_{L1} g_{m1}}$$

$$A_{v2} = - \frac{r_{o3} \parallel \frac{1}{g_{m3}} \parallel r_{o4}}{\frac{1}{g_{m1}} + r_{o2} \parallel \frac{1}{g_{m2}}}$$

• $v_{out1} = g_{m1} v_i \cdot R_{L1}$

$$A_{v1} = \frac{v_{out1}}{v_{in}} = \frac{g_{m1} v_i R_{L1}}{v_i (1 + g_{m1} R_{L1})} \stackrel{\approx}{=} g_{m1} \frac{R_{L1}}{1 + R_{L1} g_{m1}}$$

$$A_{v1} = \frac{r_{o2} \parallel \frac{1}{g_{m2}}}{\frac{1}{g_{m1}} + r_{o2} \parallel \frac{1}{g_{m2}}}$$