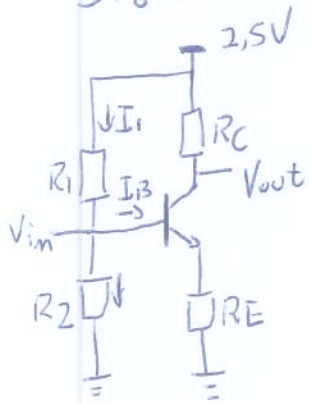
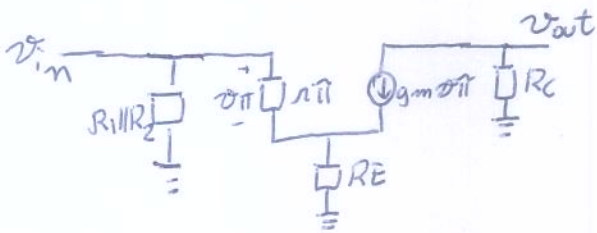


5.80



- $I_S = 6 \cdot 10^{-16} \text{ A}$
- $V_A = \infty$
- $\beta = 100 \Rightarrow \alpha = 0,99$
- $V_{RE} = 300 \text{ mV}$
- $I_C \approx I_E \approx 10 \cdot I_B$
- $(A_v = -5) \Rightarrow A_v = -2$
↳ Fazer
- $Z_{in} = 500 \Omega$

• Modelo de pequenos sinais



- $v_{out} = -R_C g_m v_{\pi}$
- $v_{in} = v_{\pi} + v_{RE} = v_{\pi} + \left(\frac{v_{\pi}}{r_{\pi}} + g_m v_{\pi} \right) R_E$
- $v_{in} = v_{\pi} \left[1 + \left(\frac{1}{r_{\pi}} + g_m \right) R_E \right]$
↳ $\frac{g_m}{\beta}$

• $A_v = \frac{v_{out}}{v_{in}} = \frac{-R_C g_m}{1 + \left(\frac{g_m}{\beta} + g_m \right) R_E} \Rightarrow A_v \approx \frac{-R_C g_m}{1 + g_m R_E} \Rightarrow A_v \approx \frac{-R_C}{\frac{1}{g_m} + R_E}$

• obs: se $R_E \gg \frac{1}{g_m} \Rightarrow A_v \approx \frac{-R_C}{R_E}$

• $i_{in} = \frac{v_{in}}{R_1 || R_2} + \frac{v_{\pi}}{r_{\pi}} = \frac{v_{\pi}}{R_1 || R_2} \left[1 + \left(\frac{1}{r_{\pi}} + g_m \right) R_E \right] + \frac{v_{\pi}}{r_{\pi}}$

• $Z_{in} = \frac{v_{in}}{i_{in}} = \frac{1 + \left(\frac{1}{r_{\pi}} + g_m \right) R_E}{\frac{1}{R_1 || R_2} \left[1 + \left(\frac{1}{r_{\pi}} + g_m \right) R_E \right] + \frac{1}{r_{\pi}}} \approx \frac{1 + g_m R_E}{\frac{1}{R_1 || R_2} \left[1 + g_m R_E \right] + \frac{1}{r_{\pi}}}$

$Z_{in} \approx \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_1 || R_2} + \frac{1}{r_{\pi} (1 + g_m R_E)}} \Rightarrow Z_{in} \approx \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_1 || R_2} + \frac{1}{r_{\pi} + \beta R_E}}$

$Z_{in} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_1 || R_2} + \frac{1}{\frac{\beta}{g_m} + \beta R_E}} \Rightarrow Z_{in} \approx \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_1 || R_2} + \frac{1}{\beta \left(\frac{1}{g_m} + R_E \right)}}$

• Condições de contorno

1-) $I_1 = I_2 \gg 10 I_B$

2-) $V_C > V_B$ (Região Ativa)

3-) $\beta \left(\frac{1}{g_m} + R_E \right) > 500 \Omega$
 \Rightarrow Condição de Zim
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} R_1 \parallel R_2 > 500 \Omega \end{array} \right.$

• Utilizando (3)

$$\beta \left(\frac{1}{g_m} + R_E \right) > 500 \Rightarrow \beta \left(\frac{V_T}{I_C} + \frac{V_E}{I_E} \right) > 500$$

$$\beta \left(\frac{V_T}{I_C} + \frac{V_E}{\alpha I_C} \right) > 500 \Rightarrow \beta \left(\frac{\alpha V_T + V_E}{\alpha I_C} \right) > 500$$

$$500 \alpha I_C < \beta (\alpha V_T + V_E) \Rightarrow I_C < \frac{\beta (\alpha V_T + V_E)}{500 \alpha}$$

$$I_C < 0,0658 \text{ (A)} \quad \text{↳ A}$$

• Utilizando (2)

$$V_C > V_B \Rightarrow V_{CC} - R_C I_C > V_E + V_{BE} \Rightarrow V_{CC} - R_C I_C > V_E + V_T \ln \frac{I_C}{I_S}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{CC} - R_C I_C - V_E - V_T \ln \frac{I_C}{I_S} > 0$$

$$-R_C I_C > -V_{CC} + V_E + V_T \ln \frac{I_C}{I_S}$$

$$R_C < \frac{V_{CC} - V_E - V_T \ln(I_C/I_S)}{I_C} \quad \text{(B)}$$

- $I_1 \cong I_2$

- $I_2 = \frac{V_B}{R_2} = \frac{V_E + V_{BE}}{R_2} \Rightarrow I_2 = \frac{V_E + V_{BE}}{R_2}$

- $I_1 = \frac{V_{CC}}{R_2 + R_1}$

- $\frac{V_E + V_{BE}}{R_2} = \frac{V_{CC}}{R_2 + R_1} \Rightarrow R_2 [V_{CC} - (V_E + V_{BE})] = R_1 (V_E + V_{BE})$

- $R_1 = R_2 \cdot \frac{[V_{CC} - (V_E + V_{BE})]}{(V_E + V_{BE})}$

- $Z_{in} = 500\Omega \Rightarrow R_1 || R_2 || R_{eq} = 500\Omega$

- $R_{eq} = \beta \left(\frac{1}{g_m} + R_E \right) \Rightarrow R_{eq} = \frac{\beta}{I_C} (V_T + V_E)$

$$\frac{1}{R_1 || R_2} = \frac{1}{500} - \frac{1}{R_{eq}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{R_1 || R_2} = \frac{1}{500} - \frac{I_C}{\beta(V_T + V_E)}$$

$$\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_1 R_2} = \frac{\beta(V_T + V_E) - 500 I_C}{500 \beta (V_T + V_E)}$$

$$\frac{R_2 [V_{CC} - (V_E + V_{BE})] + R_2}{V_E + V_{BE}} = \frac{\beta(V_T + V_E) - 500 I_C}{500 \beta (V_T + V_E)}$$

$$500 \beta (V_T + V_E) \cdot \left(\frac{V_{CC} - (V_E + V_{BE})}{V_E + V_{BE}} + 1 \right) = R_2 \frac{[V_{CC} - (V_E + V_{BE})]}{V_E + V_{BE}} \cdot [\beta(V_T + V_E) - 500 I_C]$$

$$500 \beta (V_T + V_E) \cdot \left(\frac{V_{CC} - (V_E + V_{BE}) + (V_E + V_{BE})}{V_E + V_{BE}} \right) = \frac{R_2 [V_{CC} - (V_E + V_{BE})]}{V_E + V_{BE}} \cdot [\beta(V_T + V_E) - 500 I_C]$$

$$R_2 = \frac{500 \beta (V_T + V_E) \cdot V_{CC}}{[V_{CC} - (V_E + V_{BE})] \cdot [\beta(V_T + V_E) - 500 I_C]}$$

\downarrow
 $V_T \ln \frac{I_C}{I_S}$

$$I_2 = \frac{V_B}{R_2} = \frac{V_E + V_{BE}}{R_2}$$

$$I_2 = (V_E + V_{BE}) \cdot \frac{[V_{CC} - (V_E + V_{BE})] \cdot [\beta(V_T + V_E) - 500 I_C]}{500 \beta (V_T + V_E) \cdot V_{CC}}$$

$$I_2 > 0,1 I_C$$

$$\frac{(V_E + V_T \log \frac{I_C}{I_S}) \cdot [V_{CC} - (V_E + V_T \log \frac{I_C}{I_S})] \cdot [\beta(V_T + V_E) - 500 I_C]}{500 \beta (V_T + V_E) \cdot V_{CC}} - 0,1 I_C > 0$$

$$I_C \text{ máx} = 0,0 \overset{189}{\cancel{33}} \text{ A}$$

$$\bullet \text{ Escolho } I_C = 0,02 \text{ A}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet V_{BE} &= 0,8096 & \bullet R_C &= \frac{32,303}{0,02} \Omega & \bullet A_v &= \frac{1,1021}{0,02} \approx 55 \\ \bullet V_B &= 1,1096 & \bullet R_E &= 14,8515 \Omega & \bullet R_2 &= \\ \bullet V_C &= 1,8539 & \bullet g_m &= 0,7692 \end{aligned}$$

$$\bullet \text{ Escolho } I_C = 0,015, \text{ pois } R_2 > 500 \Omega \text{ e } R_C \text{ e } R_E \text{ variam pouco com}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet V_{BE} &= 0,8021 \text{ V} & \bullet a_v &= 2 & \bullet R_i &= 1,5997 \cdot 10^4 \Omega \\ \bullet R_C &= 43,0706 \Omega & \bullet V_B &= 1,1021 \text{ V} & \bullet R_{eq} &= 2,1733 \cdot 10^3 \Omega \\ \bullet g_m &= 0,5769 \text{ S} & \bullet V_C &= 1,8539 \text{ V} & \bullet Z_{in} &= 421,62 \Omega \\ \bullet R_E &= 19,8020 \Omega & \bullet R_2 &= 540,7906 \end{aligned}$$

↓
devido a aproximação
 $I_1 \approx I_2$